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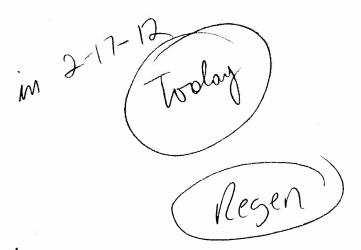
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State of Misconsin 2011 - 2012 LEGISLATURE



PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION



AN ACT to repeal 71.47 (5n) and 71.49 (1) (dn); to renumber 71.07 (5n) (d) and 71.28 (5n) (d); to renumber and amend 71.21 (4); to amend 71.05 (6) (a) 15., 71.07 (5n) (title), 71.10 (4) (cr), 71.26 (2) (a) 4., 71.28 (5n) (title), 71.30 (3) (dn), 71.34 (1k) (g) and 71.45 (2) (a) 10.; to repeal and recreate 71.07 (5n) (a) and 71.28 (5n) (a); and to create 71.05 (6) (a) 25., 71.07 (5n) (d) 2., 71.21 (4) (b), 71.26 (2) (a) 11., 71.28 (5n) (d) 2., 71.28 (5n) (d) 3. and 71.34 (1k) (m) of the statutes; relating to: technical changes to the qualified production activities income and franchise tax credit.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under the federal Internal Revenue Code, a taxpayer may claim a deduction equal to 9 percent of the taxpayer's qualified production activities income in the taxable year or 9 percent of the taxpayer's total taxable income, whichever is less. For federal tax purposes, qualified production activities income is, generally, the amount of the taxpayer's domestic production gross receipts that exceed the sum of the cost of goods sold and other expenses, losses, or deductions. Domestic production gross receipts are, generally, gross receipts derived from property that was manufactured, produced, grown, or extracted in the United States.

Under current law, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, an individual taxpayer may claim a state income tax credit equal to the taxpayer's qualified production

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activities income derived from manufacturing property or agricultural property located in this state, multiplied by a certain percentage. A corporation or insurer may claim a state income and franchise tax credit equal to the lesser of its taxable income apportioned to this state or its qualified production activities income derived from manufacturing property or agricultural property located in this state, multiplied by a certain percentage. The percentage of qualified production activities income that a taxpayer may claim as a credit is 1.875 percent for 2013, 3.75 percent for 2014, 5.526 percent for 2015, and 7.5 percent for 2016 and for each year thereafter. Under current law, "qualified production activities income" means qualified production activities income as determined under the federal Internal Revenue Code for purposes of claiming a federal tax deduction.

This bill makes technical changes to the state tax credits for qualified production activities income derived from manufacturing property or agricultural property located in this state in order to facilitate the Department of Revenue's administration of the credits. Specifically, the bill provides a method for determining the qualified production activities income derived from manufacturing property or agricultural property located in this state rather than rely on the federal definition of "qualified production activities income," which includes income from economic activities in all states.

For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 71.05 (6) (a) 15. of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is amended to read:

71.05 (6) (a) 15. The amount of the credits computed under s. 71.07 (2dd), (2de), (2di), (2dj), (2dL), (2dm), (2dr), (2ds), (2dx), (2dy), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3p), (3q), (3r), (3rm), (3rn), (3s), (3t), (3w), (5e), (5f), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5n), (5r), (5rm), and (8r) and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1k) (g).

SECTION 2. 71.05 (6) (a) 25. of the statutes is created to read:

71.05 (6) (a) 25. The amount computed under s. 71.07 (5n) in the previous taxable year and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or

costs:

Qurent 3-24

1 tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) (a) or 71.34 (1k) (m) and not 2 3 included in federal adjusted gross income. 4 **SECTION 3.** 71.07 (5n) (title) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 5 32, is amended to read: 6 71.07 **(5n)** (title) QUALIFIED PRODUCTION ACTIVITIES MANUFACTURING AND 7 AGRICULTURE CREDIT. 8 SECTION 4. 71.07 (5n) (a) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, 9 is repealed and recreated to read: 10 71.07 (5n) (a) Definitions. In this subsection: 1. "Agriculture property factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which is the 11 average value of the claimant's real property and improvements assessed under s. 12 70.32 (2) (a) 4., owned or rented and used in this state by the claimant during the 13 14 taxable year to produce, grow, or extract qualified production property, and the 15 denominator of which is the average value of all of the claimant's real property and improvements owned or rented during the taxable year and used by the claimant to 16 17 produce, grow, or extract qualified production property. 18 2. "Claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection. 3. "Direct costs" include all of the claimant's costs that are deductible under 19 20 section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code, other than cost of goods sold, and that are identified as direct costs in the claimant's cost accounting records. 22 4. "Indirect costs" include all of the claimant's costs that are deductible under section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code, other than cost of goods sold and direct 23

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5. a. "Manufacturing property factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which
is the average value of the claimant's real and personal property assessed under s.
70.995, owned or rented and used in this state by the claimant during the taxable
year to manufacture qualified production property, and the denominator of which is
the average value of all the claimant's real and personal property owned or rented
during the taxable year and used by the claimant to manufacture qualified
production property.
b. For purposes of subd. 5. a., property owned by the claimant is valued at its

- b. For purposes of subd. 5. a., property owned by the claimant is valued at its original cost and property rented by the claimant is valued at an amount equal to the annual rental paid by the claimant, less any annual rental received by the claimant from sub-rentals, multiplied by 8.
- c. For purposes of subd. 5. a., the average value of property is determined by averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the taxable year, except that the secretary of revenue may require the averaging of monthly values during the taxable year, if such averaging is reasonably required to properly reflect the average value of the claimant's property.
- 6. "Production gross receipts" means receipts from the lease, rental, license, sale, exchange, or other disposition of qualified production property.
- 7. "Production gross receipts factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which is production gross receipts and the denominator of which is all income from whatever source, except for those items specifically excluded under the Internal Revenue Code as adopted by this state and otherwise excluded under Wisconsin law. For purposes of the denominator, income includes gross sales, gross dividends, gross interest income, gross rents, gross royalties, the gross sales price from the disposition of capital assets and business assets, gross income from pass-through entities, and

(2) (a) 4.

all other/receipts that are included in income, before apportionment for Wisconsin tax purposes under s. 71.04 (4). 3 8. "Qualified production activities income" means the amount of the claimant's production gross receipts for the taxable year that exceeds the sum of the cost of goods sold that are allocable to such receipts, the direct expenses, losses, and deductions 6 that are allocable to such receipts, and the indirect expenses, losses, and deductions multiplied by the production gross receipts factor. "Qualified production activities 8 income" does not include any of the following: 9 a. Income from film production. b. Income from producing, transmitting, or distributing electricity, natural gas, 10 11 or potable water. 12 c. Income from constructing real property. 13 d. Income from engineering or architectural services performed with respect 14 to constructing real property. e. Income from the sale of food and beverages prepared by the claimant at a 15 16 retail establishment. f. Income from the lease, rental, license, sale, exchange, or other disposition of 17 18 land. 19 9. "Qualified production property" means either of the following: 20 a. Tangible personal property manufactured in whole or in part by the claimant 21on property that is assessed as manufacturing property under s. 70.995. 22 b. Tangible personal property produced, grown, or extracted in whole or in part 23 by the claimant on or from property assessed as agricultural property under s. 70.32

1	Section 5. 71.07 (5n) (d) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32
2	is renumbered 71.07 (5n) (d) 1.
3	Section 6. 71.07 (5n) (d) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
4	71.07 (5n) (d) 2. For purposes of determining a claimant's eligible qualified
5	production activities income under this subsection, the claimant shall multiply the
6	claimant's qualified production activities income from property manufactured by the
7	claimant by the manufacturing property factor and qualified production activities
8	income from property produced, grown, or extracted by the claimant by the
9	agriculture property factor.
10	SECTION 7. 71.10 (4) (cr) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32,
11	is amended to read:
12	71.10 (4) (cr) Qualified production activities Manufacturing and agriculture
13	credit under s. 71.07 (5n).
14	SECTION 8. 71.21 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is
15	renumbered 71.21 (4) (a) and amended to read:
16	71.21 (4) (a) Credits The amount of the credits computed by a partnership
17	unders.71.07(2dd),(2de),(2di),(2dj),(2dL),(2dm),(2ds),(2dx),(2dy),(3g),(3h),(3n),(2dx),(2dx),(2dx),(2dy
18	(3p), (3q), (3r), (3rm), (3rn), (3s), (3t), (3w), (5e), (5f), (5g), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5n), (5r), (5
19	(5rm), and (8r) and passed through to partners shall be added to the partnership's
20	income.
21	SECTION 9. 71.21 (4) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
22	71.21 (4) (b) Amounts computed by a partnership under s. 71.07 (5n) in the
23	previous year and not included in federal ordinary business income shall be added
24	to the partnership's income.

1 SECTION 10. 71.26 (2) (a) 4. of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 2 32, is amended to read: 3 71.26 (2) (a) 4. Plus the amount of the credit computed under s. 71.28 (1dd). (1de), (1di), (1dj), (1dL), (1dm), (1ds), (1dx), (1dy), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3p), (3q), (3r), 4 5 (3rm), (3rn), (3t), (3w), (5e), (5f), (5g), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5n), (5r), (5rn), (8r), and (9s) and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or 6 7 tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, limited liability company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21(4) or 71.34(1k) 8 9 (g). 10 **SECTION 11.** 71.26 (2) (a) 11. of the statutes is created to read: 71.26 (2) (a) 11. Plus the amount computed under s. 71.28 (5n) in the previous 11 taxable year that is not included in federal taxable income. 12 SECTION 12. 71.28 (5n) (title) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 13 14 32, is amended to read: 15 71.28 **(5n)** (title) QUALIFIED PRODUCTION ACTIVITIES MANUFACTURING AND 16 AGRICULTURE CREDIT. 17 SECTION 13. 71.28 (5n) (a) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, 18 is repealed and recreated to read: 19 71.28 (5n) (a) Definitions. In this subsection: 20 1. "Agriculture property factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value of the claimant's real property and improvements assessed under s. 212270.32 (2) (a) 4., owned or rented and used in this state by the claimant during the taxable year to produce, grow, or extract qualified production property, and the 23 24 denominator of which is the average value of all of the claimant's real property and

of the claimant's property.



1 improvements owned or rented during the taxable year and used by the claimant to 2 produce, grow, or extract qualified production property. luseit 8-2. "Claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection 3 3. "Direct costs" include all of the claimant's costs that are deductible under 4 section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code, other than cost of goods sold, and that are 5 6 identified as direct costs in the claimant's cost accounting records. Imanagerial or 4. "Indirect costs" include all of the claimant's costs that are deductible under section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code, other than cost of goods sold and direct 8 9 costs 10 5. a. "Manufacturing property factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which 11 is the average value of the claimant's real and personal property assessed under s. 12 70.995, owned or rented and used in this state by the claimant during the taxable 13 year to manufacture qualified production property, and the denominator of which is 14 the average value of all the claimant's real and personal property owned or rented 15 during the taxable year and used by the claimant to manufacture qualified 16 production property. 17 b. For purposes of subd. 6. a., property owned by the claimant is valued at its 18 original cost and property rented by the claimant is valued at an amount equal to the 19 annual rental paid by the claimant, less any annual rental received by the claimant 20 from sub-rentals, multiplied by 8. 21 c. For purposes of subd. 6. a., the average value of property is determined by 22 averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the taxable year, except that the 23 secretary of revenue may require the averaging of monthly values during the taxable 24 year, if such averaging is reasonably required to properly reflect the average value

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retail establishment.

6. "Production gross receipts" means/receipts from the lease, rental, license, 2 sale, exchange, or other disposition of qualified production property. 7. "Production gross receipts factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which is production gross receipts and the denominator of which is all income from 5 whatever source, except for those items specifically excluded under the Internal 6 Revenue Code as adopted by this state and otherwise excluded under Wisconsin law. For purposes of the denominator, income includes gross sales, gross dividends, gross 7 8 interest income, gross rents, gross royalties, the gross sales price from the disposition of capital assets and business assets, gross income from pass-through entities, and 9 10, all other/receipts that are included in income, before apportionment for Wisconsin 11 tax purposes under s. 71.25 (6). 12 8. "Qualified production activities income" means the amount of the claimant's $production\ gross\ receipts\ for\ the\ taxable\ year\ that\ exceeds\ the\ sum\ of\ the\ cost\ of\ goods$ 13 14 sold that are allocable to such receipts, the direct expenses, losses, and deductions 15 that are allocable to such receipts, and the indirect expenses, losses, and deductions multiplied by the production gross receipts factor. "Qualified production activities 16 17 income" does not include any of the following: a. Income from film production. 18 19 b. Income from producing, transmitting, or distributing electricity, natural gas, 20 or potable water. 21c. Income from constructing real property. 22 d. Income from engineering or architectural services performed with respect 23 to constructing real property.

e. Income from the sale of food and beverages prepared by the claimant at a

1	f. Income from the lease, rental, license, sale, exchange, or other disposition of
2	land.
3	9. "Qualified production property" means either of the following:
4	a. Tangible personal property manufactured in whole or in part by the claimant
5	on property that is assessed as manufacturing property under s. 70.995.
6	b. Tangible personal property produced, grown, or extracted in whole or in part
7	on or from property assessed as agricultural property under s. 70.32 (2) (a) 4.
8	SECTION 14. 71.28 (5n) (d) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32,
9	is renumbered 71.28 (5n) (d) 1.
10	SECTION 15. 71.28 (5n) (d) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
11	71.28 (5n) (d) 2. Except as provided in subd. 3., for purposes of determining a
12	claimant's eligible qualified production activities income under this subsection, the
13	claimant shall multiply the claimant's qualified production activities income from
14	property manufactured by the claimant by the manufacturing property factor and
15	qualified production activities income from property produced, grown, or extracted
16	by the claimant by the agriculture property factor.
17	SECTION 16. 71.28 (5n) (d) 3. of the statutes is created to read:
18	71.28 (5n) (d) 3. The amount of the eligible qualified production activities
19	income that a claimant may claim as a credit under par. (b) is the lesser of the
20	following: (in computing the
21	a. The eligible qualified production activities income determined under subd.
22	2.
23	b. Income apportioned to this state under s. 71.25 (5), (6), and (6m).
24	c. Income determined to be taxable under s. 71.255 (2).

repealed.

SECTION 17. 71.30 (3) (dn) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, 1 2 is amended to read: 3 71.30 (3) (dn) Qualified production activities Manufacturing and agriculture 4 credit under s. 71.28 (5n). SECTION 18. 71.34 (1k) (g) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, 5 6 is amended to read: 7 71.34 (1k) (g) An addition shall be made for credits computed by a tax-option corporation under s. 71.28 (1dd), (1de), (1di), (1dj), (1dL), (1dm), (1ds), (1dx), (1dy), 8 (3), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3g), (3g), (3r), (3rm), (3rn), (3t), (3w), (5e), (5f), (5g), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5g), (5h), (5h9 10 (5k), (5n), (5rn), and (8r) and passed through to shareholders. **SECTION 19.** 71.34 (1k) (m) of the statutes is created to read: 11 12 71.34 (1k) (m) An addition shall be made for the amount computed under s. 13 71.28 (5n) in the previous taxable year that is not included in federal ordinary 14 business income. SECTION 20. 71.45 (2) (a) 10. of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 15 16 32, is amended to read: 17 71.45 (2) (a) 10. By adding to federal taxable income the amount of credit computed under s. 71.47 (1dd) to (1dy), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3p), (3q), (3r), (3rm), (3rm), 18 19 (3w), (5e), (5f), (5g), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5n), (5r), (5rn), (8r), and (9s) and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation that 20 21 has added that amount to the partnership's, limited liability company's, or 22 tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1k) (g) and the amount 23 of credit computed under s. 71.47 (1), (3), (3t), (4), (4m), and (5). 24 SECTION 21. 71.47 (5n) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is

LRB-3906/P3 JK:jld:ph SECTION 22

- 1 Section 22. 71.49 (1) (dn) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32,
- 2 is repealed.

3 (END)

2011-2012 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

Insert 3 - 19

1	ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year in
2	carrying on the trade or business
	Insert 3 - 22
3	ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year in
4	carrying on the trade or business
	Insert 3 - 24
5	, and identified as indirect costs in the claimant's managerial or cost accounting
6	records
	Insert 8 - 4
7	ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year in
8	carrying on the trade or business
	Insert 8 - 7
9	ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year in
10	carrying on the trade or business
	Insert 8 - 9
11	, and identified as indirect costs in the claimant's managerial or cost accounting
12	records

Kreye, Joseph

From:

Hardt, Diane L - DOR [Diane.Hardt@revenue.wi.gov]

Sent:

Monday, February 20, 2012 5:37 PM

To:

Kreye, Joseph

Cc:

Crane, Lili B - DOR

Subject: RE: Draft review: LRB 11-3906/P4 Topic: Qualified production activities credit; technical changes

Hi Joe:

I found another problem and Rick Chandler/internal staff agree that we need this change. Could you prepare another draft that I can see before we ask for the introducible version?

The denominator of the fraction for manufacturing and agriculture property factors cannot refer to "Qualified production property" because that limits it to Wisconsin only. We need manufacturing (real and personal) or agricultural (real) property from **everywhere.** Therefore, the definitions should look like this in 2 places:

71.07(5n)(a)1 and 71.28(5n)(a)1

"Agriculture property factor" means a fraction..., and the denominator of which is the average value of all the claimant's real property and improvements owned or rented during the taxable year and used by the claimant to produce, grow or extract agricultural property.

(We believe we will have to expand on what is agricultural property in a rule.)

71.07(5n)(a)5.a. and 71.28(5n)(a)5.a.

"Manufacturing property factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which is...and the denominator of which is the average value of all the claimant's real and personal property owned or rented during the taxable year and used by the claimant to manufacture tangible personal property.

After we see this draft, we will ask for the introducible version on Tuesday.

Diane

From: Kreye, Joseph [mailto:Joseph.Kreye@legis.wisconsin.gov]

Sent: Monday, February 20, 2012 9:38 AM

To: Hardt, Diane L - DOR

Subject: RE: Draft review: LRB 11-3906/P4 Topic: Qualified production activities credit; technical changes

Diane,

Please let me know if there are any other changes and if the next version of the draft should an introducible version (/1).

Joe

Joseph Kreye Senior Legislative Attorney Legislative Reference Bureau

608 266-2263

From: Hardt, Diane L - DOR [mailto:Diane.Hardt@revenue.wi.gov]

Sent: Friday, February 17, 2012 1:28 PM

To: Kreye, Joseph

Subject: FW: Draft review: LRB 11-3906/P4 Topic: Qualified production activities credit; technical changes

One correction

Sec. 71.28(5n)(a)9.b.

Tangible personal property produced, grown, or extracted in whole or in part by the claimant on or from property assessed as agricultural property under 70.32(2)(a)4.

From: LRB.Legal [mailto:LRB-LegalServices@legis.wisconsin.gov]

Sent: Friday, February 17, 2012 12:41 PM

To: Hardt, Diane L - DOR

Subject: Draft review: LRB 11-3906/P4 Topic: Qualified production activities credit; technical changes

Following is the PDF version of draft LRB 11-3906/P4.

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Kreye, Joseph

From:

Hardt, Diane L - DOR [Diane.Hardt@revenue.wi.gov]

Sent:

Friday, February 17, 2012 1:28 PM

To:

Kreye, Joseph

Subject:

FW: Draft review: LRB 11-3906/P4 Topic: Qualified production activities credit; technical changes

Attachments: LRB-3906_P4.pdf

One correction

Sec. 71.28(5n)(a)9.b.

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Sent: Friday, February 17, 2012 12:41 PM

To: Hardt, Diane L - DOR

Subject: Draft review: LRB 11-3906/P4 Topic: Qualified production activities credit; technical changes

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State of Misconsin 2011 - 2012 LEGISLATURE



PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

in 2-21-12 Today

X Reger

AN ACT to repeal 71.47 (5n) and 71.49 (1) (dn); to renumber 71.07 (5n) (d) and 71.28 (5n) (d); to renumber and amend 71.21 (4); to amend 71.05 (6) (a) 15., 71.07 (5n) (title), 71.10 (4) (cr), 71.26 (2) (a) 4., 71.28 (5n) (title), 71.30 (3) (dn), 71.34 (1k) (g) and 71.45 (2) (a) 10.; to repeal and recreate 71.07 (5n) (a) and 71.28 (5n) (a); and to create 71.05 (6) (a) 25., 71.07 (5n) (d) 2., 71.21 (4) (b), 71.26 (2) (a) 11., 71.28 (5n) (d) 2., 71.28 (5n) (d) 3. and 71.34 (1k) (m) of the statutes; relating to: technical changes to the qualified production activities income and franchise tax credit.

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Under the federal Internal Revenue Code, a taxpayer may claim a deduction equal to 9 percent of the taxpayer's qualified production activities income in the taxable year or 9 percent of the taxpayer's total taxable income, whichever is less. For federal tax purposes, qualified production activities income is, generally, the amount of the taxpayer's domestic production gross receipts that exceed the sum of the cost of goods sold and other expenses, losses, or deductions. Domestic production gross receipts are, generally, gross receipts derived from property that was manufactured, produced, grown, or extracted in the United States.

Under current law, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, an individual taxpayer may claim a state income tax credit equal to the taxpayer's qualified production

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activities income derived from manufacturing property or agricultural property located in this state, multiplied by a certain percentage. A corporation or insurer may claim a state income and franchise tax credit equal to the lesser of its taxable income apportioned to this state or its qualified production activities income derived from manufacturing property or agricultural property located in this state, multiplied by a certain percentage. The percentage of qualified production activities income that a taxpayer may claim as a credit is 1.875 percent for 2013, 3.75 percent for 2014, 5.526 percent for 2015, and 7.5 percent for 2016 and for each year thereafter. Under current law, "qualified production activities income" means qualified production activities income as determined under the federal Internal Revenue Code for purposes of claiming a federal tax deduction.

This bill makes technical changes to the state tax credits for qualified production activities income derived from manufacturing property or agricultural property located in this state in order to facilitate the Department of Revenue's administration of the credits. Specifically, the bill provides a method for determining the qualified production activities income derived from manufacturing property or agricultural property located in this state rather than rely on the federal definition of "qualified production activities income," which includes income from economic activities in all states.

For further information see the state fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 71.05 (6) (a) 15. of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is amended to read:

71.05 (6) (a) 15. The amount of the credits computed under s. 71.07 (2dd), (2de), (2di), (2dj), (2dL), (2dm), (2dr), (2ds), (2dx), (2dy), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3p), (3q), (3r), (3rm), (3rn), (3s), (3t), (3w), (5e), (5f), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5n), (5r), (5rm), and (8r) and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1k) (g).

SECTION 2. 71.05 (6) (a) 25. of the statutes is created to read:

71.05 (6) (a) 25. The amount computed under s. 71.07 (5n) in the previous taxable year and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or

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- 1 tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, company's. 2 or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) (a) or 71.34 (1k) (m) and not 3 included in federal adjusted gross income. SECTION 3. 71.07 (5n) (title) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 4 5 32, is amended to read: 6 71.07 **(5n)** (title) QUALIFIED PRODUCTION ACTIVITIES MANUFACTURING AND 7 AGRICULTURE CREDIT. 8 **Section 4.** 71.07 (5n) (a) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32. 9 is repealed and recreated to read: 10 71.07 (5n) (a) Definitions. In this subsection: 11 1. "Agriculture property factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which is the 12 average value of the claimant's real property and improvements assessed under s. 70.32 (2) (a) 4., owned or rented and used in this state by the claimant during the 13 14 taxable year to produce, grow, or extract qualified production property, and the 15 denominator of which is the average value of all of the claimant's real property and 16 improvements owned or rented during the taxable year and used by the claimant to produce, grow, or extract qualified production property. 1718 2. "Claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection. 19 3. "Direct costs" include all of the claimant's ordinary and necessary expenses
 - 3. "Direct costs" include all of the claimant's ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year in carrying on the trade or business that are deductible under section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code and identified as direct costs in the claimant's managerial or cost accounting records.
 - 4. "Indirect costs" include all of the claimant's ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year in carrying on the trade or business that are deductible under section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code, other than cost of goods

1	sold and direct costs, and identified as indirect costs in the claimant's managerial or
2	cost accounting records.
3	5. a. "Manufacturing property factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which
4	is the average value of the claimant's real and personal property assessed under s.
5	70.995, owned or rented and used in this state by the claimant during the taxable
6	year to manufacture qualified production property, and the denominator of which is
7	the average value of all the claimant's real and personal property owned or rented
8	during the taxable year and used by the claimant to manufacture qualified
79	production property. Tougille personal V
10	b. For purposes of subd. 5. a., property owned by the claimant is valued at its
11.	original cost and property rented by the claimant is valued at an amount equal to the
12	annual rental paid by the claimant, less any annual rental received by the claimant
13	from sub-rentals, multiplied by 8.
14	c. For purposes of subd. 5. a., the average value of property is determined by
15	averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the taxable year, except that the
16	secretary of revenue may require the averaging of monthly values during the taxable
17	year, if such averaging is reasonably required to properly reflect the average value
18	of the claimant's property.
19	6. "Production gross receipts" means gross receipts from the lease, rental,
20	license, sale, exchange, or other disposition of qualified production property.
21	7. "Production gross receipts factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which
22	is production gross receipts and the denominator of which is all gross income from
23	whatever source, except for those items specifically excluded under the Internal
24	Revenue Code as adopted by this state and otherwise excluded under Wisconsin law.

For purposes of the denominator, income includes gross sales, gross dividends, gross

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(2) (a) 4.

1	interest income, gross rents, gross royalties, the gross sales price from the disposition
2	of capital assets and business assets, gross income from pass-through entities, and
3	all other gross receipts that are included in income, before apportionment for
4	Wisconsin tax purposes under s. 71.04 (4).
5	8. "Qualified production activities income" means the amount of the claimant's
6	production gross receipts for the taxable year that exceeds the sum of the cost of goods
7	sold that are allocable to such receipts, the direct costs that are allocable to such
8	receipts, and the indirect costs multiplied by the production gross receipts factor.
9	"Qualified production activities income" does not include any of the following:
10	a. Income from film production.
11	b. Income from producing, transmitting, or distributing electricity, natural gas,
12	or potable water.
13	c. Income from constructing real property.
14	d. Income from engineering or architectural services performed with respect
15	to constructing real property.
16	e. Income from the sale of food and beverages prepared by the claimant at a
17	retail establishment.
18	f. Income from the lease, rental, license, sale, exchange, or other disposition of
19	land.
20	9. "Qualified production property" means either of the following:
21	a. Tangible personal property manufactured in whole or in part by the claimant
22	on property that is assessed as manufacturing property under s. 70.995.
23	b. Tangible personal property produced, grown, or extracted in whole or in part

by the claimant on or from property assessed as a gricultural property under s. $70.32\,$

1	Section 5. 71.07 (5n) (d) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32
2	is renumbered 71.07 (5n) (d) 1.
3	Section 6. 71.07 (5n) (d) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
4	71.07 (5n) (d) 2. For purposes of determining a claimant's eligible qualified
5	production activities income under this subsection, the claimant shall multiply the
6	claimant's qualified production activities income from property manufactured by the
7	claimant by the manufacturing property factor and qualified production activities
8	income from property produced, grown, or extracted by the claimant by the
9	agriculture property factor.
10	Section 7. 71.10 (4) (cr) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32
11	is amended to read:
12	71.10 (4) (cr) Qualified production activities Manufacturing and agriculture
13	credit under s. 71.07 (5n).
14	Section 8. 71.21 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is
15	renumbered 71.21 (4) (a) and amended to read:
16	71.21 (4) (a) Credits The amount of the credits computed by a partnership
17	unders.71.07(2dd),(2de),(2di),(2dj),(2dL),(2dm),(2ds),(2dx),(2dy),(3g),(3h),(3n),(2dx),(2dx),(2dx),(2dy
18	(3p), (3q), (3r), (3rm), (3rn), (3s), (3t), (3w), (5e), (5f), (5g), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5n), (5r), (5
19	(5rm), and (8r) and passed through to partners shall be added to the partnership's
20	income.
21	SECTION 9. 71.21 (4) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
22	71.21 (4) (b) Amounts computed by a partnership under s. 71.07 (5n) in the
23	previous taxable year and not included in federal ordinary business income shall be
24	added to the partnership's income.

1 SECTION 10. 71.26 (2) (a) 4. of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 2 32, is amended to read: 3 71.26 (2) (a) 4. Plus the amount of the credit computed under s. 71.28 (1dd), (1de), (1di), (1dj), (1dL), (1dm), (1ds), (1dx), (1dy), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3p), (3q), (3r), 4 (3rm), (3rn), (3t), (3w), (5e), (5f), (5g), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5j), (5k), (5n), (5r), (5rm), (8r), and 5 6 (9s) and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or 7 tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, limited 8 liability company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1k) 9 (g). 10 **Section 11.** 71.26 (2) (a) 11. of the statutes is created to read: 11 71.26 (2) (a) 11. Plus the amount computed under s. 71.28 (5n) in the previous 12 taxable year that is not included in federal taxable income. 13 **Section 12.** 71.28 (5n) (title) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 14 32, is amended to read: 15 71.28 **(5n)** (title) QUALIFIED PRODUCTION ACTIVITIES MANUFACTURING AND 16 AGRICULTURE CREDIT. 17 Section 13. 71.28 (5n) (a) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, 18 is repealed and recreated to read: 19 71.28 (5n) (a) Definitions. In this subsection: 20 1. "Agriculture property factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which is the 21average value of the claimant's real property and improvements assessed under s. 22 70.32 (2) (a) 4., owned or rented and used in this state by the claimant during the 23 taxable year to produce, grow, or extract qualified production property, and the 24 denominator of which is the average value of all of the claimant's real property and

1 improvements owned or rented during the taxable year and used by the claimant to produce, grow, or extract qualified production property. 2. "Claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection. 3 4 3. "Direct costs" include all of the claimant's ordinary and necessary expenses 5 paid or incurred during the taxable year in carrying on the trade or business that are 6 deductible under section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code and identified as direct 7 costs in the claimant's managerial or cost accounting records. 8 4. "Indirect costs" include all of the claimant's ordinary and necessary expenses 9 paid or incurred during the taxable year in carrying on the trade or business that are 10 deductible under section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code, other than cost of goods 11 sold and direct costs, and identified as indirect costs in the claimant's managerial or 12 cost accounting records. 13 5. a. "Manufacturing property factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which 14 is the average value of the claimant's real and personal property assessed under s. 15 70.995, owned or rented and used in this state by the claimant during the taxable 16 year to manufacture qualified production property, and the denominator of which is the average value of all the claimant's real and personal property owned or rented 17 18during the taxable year and used by the claimant to manufacture qualified Tangille persona 1)9 production property. 20 b. For purposes of subd. 6. a., property owned by the claimant is valued at its 21 original cost and property rented by the claimant is valued at an amount equal to the 22 annual rental paid by the claimant, less any annual rental received by the claimant 23 from sub-rentals, multiplied by 8. 24 c. For purposes of subd. 6. a., the average value of property is determined by

averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the taxable year, except that the

- secretary of revenue may require the averaging of monthly values during the taxable year, if such averaging is reasonably required to properly reflect the average value of the claimant's property.
- 6. "Production gross receipts" means gross receipts from the lease, rental, license, sale, exchange, or other disposition of qualified production property.
- 7. "Production gross receipts factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which is production gross receipts and the denominator of which is all gross income from whatever source, except for those items specifically excluded under the Internal Revenue Code as adopted by this state and otherwise excluded under Wisconsin law. For purposes of the denominator, income includes gross sales, gross dividends, gross interest income, gross rents, gross royalties, the gross sales price from the disposition of capital assets and business assets, gross income from pass–through entities, and all other gross receipts that are included in income, before apportionment for Wisconsin tax purposes under s. 71.25 (6).
- 8. "Qualified production activities income" means the amount of the claimant's production gross receipts for the taxable year that exceeds the sum of the cost of goods sold that are allocable to such receipts, the direct costs that are allocable to such receipts, and the indirect costs multiplied by the production gross receipts factor. "Qualified production activities income" does not include any of the following:
 - a. Income from film production.
- $b. \ In come from \ producing, transmitting, or \ distributing \ electricity, natural \ gas,$ or potable water.
 - c. Income from constructing real property.
- d. Income from engineering or architectural services performed with respect to constructing real property.

1	e. Income from the sale of food and beverages prepared by the claimant at a
2	retail establishment.
3	f. Income from the lease, rental, license, sale, exchange, or other disposition of
4	land.
5	9. "Qualified production property" means either of the following:
6	a. Tangible personal property manufactured in whole or in part by the claimant
7	on property that is assessed as manufacturing property under s. 70.995.
(8)	b. Tangible personal property produced, grown, or extracted in whole or in part
9	on or from property assessed as agricultural property under s. 70.32 (2) (a) 4.
10	SECTION 14. 71.28 (5n) (d) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32,
11	is renumbered 71.28 (5n) (d) 1.
12	Section 15. 71.28 (5n) (d) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
13	71.28 (5n) (d) 2. Except as provided in subd. 3., for purposes of determining a
14	claimant's eligible qualified production activities income under this subsection, the
15	claimant shall multiply the claimant's qualified production activities income from
16	property manufactured by the claimant by the manufacturing property factor and
17	qualified production activities income from property produced, grown, or extracted
18	by the claimant by the agriculture property factor.
19	Section 16. 71.28 (5n) (d) 3. of the statutes is created to read:
20	71.28 (5n) (d) 3. The amount of the eligible qualified production activities
21	income that a claimant may claim in computing the credit under par. (b) is the lesser
22	of the following:
23	a. The eligible qualified production activities income determined under subd.
24	2.
25	b. Income apportioned to this state under s. 71.25 (5), (6), and (6m).

1 c. Income determined to be taxable under s. 71.255 (2). 2 SECTION 17. 71.30 (3) (dn) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, 3 is amended to read: 4 71.30 (3) (dn) Qualified production activities Manufacturing and agriculture 5 credit under s. 71.28 (5n). 6 SECTION 18. 71.34 (1k) (g) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, 7 is amended to read: 8 71.34 (1k) (g) An addition shall be made for credits computed by a tax-option 9 corporation under s. 71.28 (1dd), (1de), (1di), (1dj), (1dL), (1dm), (1ds), (1dx), (1dv), 10 (3), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3g), (3q), (3r), (3rm), (3rn), (3t), (3w), (5e), (5f), (5g), (5h), (5i), (5j), 11 (5k), (5n), (5r), (5rm), and (8r) and passed through to shareholders. 12 **Section 19.** 71.34 (1k) (m) of the statutes is created to read: 71.34 (1k) (m) An addition shall be made for the amount computed under s. 13 14 71.28 (5n) in the previous taxable year that is not included in federal ordinary 15 business income. 16 Section 20. 71.45 (2) (a) 10. of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 17 32, is amended to read: 18 71.45 (2) (a) 10. By adding to federal taxable income the amount of credit 19 computed under s. 71.47 (1dd) to (1dy), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3p), (3q), (3r), (3rm), (3rn), 20 (3w), (5e), (5f), (5g), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5n), (5r), (5rn), (8r), and (9s) and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation that 2122 has added that amount to the partnership's, limited liability company's, or 23 tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1k) (g) and the amount 24 of credit computed under s. 71.47 (1), (3), (3t), (4), (4m), and (5).

1	SECTION 21. 71.47 (5n) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is
2	repealed.
3	SECTION 22. 71.49 (1) (dn) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32,
4	s repealed.
5	(END)

Kreye, Joseph

From:

Hardt, Diane L - DOR [Diane.Hardt@revenue.wi.gov]

Sent:

Tuesday, February 21, 2012 2:50 PM

To:

Kreye, Joseph

Cc:

Shanovich, Ron

Subject:

FW: Draft review: LRB 11-3906/P5 Topic: Qualified production activities credit; technical changes

Attachments: LRB-3906_P5.pdf

We are now ready to ask for an introducible bill.

Diane L. Hardt Administrator, Division of Income, Sales & Excise Taxes Wisconsin Department of Revenue P.O. Box 8933 Madison, WI 53708-8933 (608) 266-6798

Fax (608) 261-6240

E-mail: Diane.Hardt@revenue.wi.gov

From: LRB.Legal [mailto:LRB-LegalServices@legis.wisconsin.gov]

Sent: Tuesday, February 21, 2012 2:36 PM

To: Hardt, Diane L - DOR

Subject: Draft review: LRB 11-3906/P5 Topic: Qualified production activities credit; technical changes

Following is the PDF version of draft LRB 11-3906/P5.

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State of Misconsin 2011 - 2012 LEGISLATURE



PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

m 2-21-12 Regen

franchise tax credit.

AN ACT to repeal 71.47 (5n) and 71.49 (1) (dn); to renumber 71.07 (5n) (d) and 71.28 (5n) (d); to renumber and amend 71.21 (4); to amend 71.05 (6) (a) 15., 71.07 (5n) (title), 71.10 (4) (cr), 71.26 (2) (a) 4., 71.28 (5n) (title), 71.30 (3) (dn), 71.34 (1k) (g) and 71.45 (2) (a) 10.; to repeal and recreate 71.07 (5n) (a) and 71.28 (5n) (a); and to create 71.05 (6) (a) 25., 71.07 (5n) (d) 2., 71.21 (4) (b), 71.26 (2) (a) 11., 71.28 (5n) (d) 2., 71.28 (5n) (d) 3. and 71.34 (1k) (m) of the statutes; relating to: technical changes to the qualified production activities income and

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under the federal Internal Revenue Code, a taxpayer may claim a deduction equal to 9 percent of the taxpayer's qualified production activities income in the taxable year or 9 percent of the taxpayer's total taxable income, whichever is less. For federal tax purposes, qualified production activities income is, generally, the amount of the taxpayer's domestic production gross receipts that exceed the sum of the cost of goods sold and other expenses, losses, or deductions. Domestic production gross receipts are, generally, gross receipts derived from property that was manufactured, produced, grown, or extracted in the United States.

Under current law, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, an individual taxpayer may claim a state income tax credit equal to the taxpayer's qualified production

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activities income derived from manufacturing property or agricultural property located in this state, multiplied by a certain percentage. A corporation may claim a state income and franchise tax credit equal to the lesser of its taxable income apportioned to this state or its qualified production activities income derived from manufacturing property or agricultural property located in this state, multiplied by a certain percentage. The percentage of qualified production activities income that a taxpayer may claim as a credit is 1.875 percent for 2013, 3.75 percent for 2014, 5.526 percent for 2015, and 7.5 percent for 2016 and for each year thereafter. Under current law, "qualified production activities income" means qualified production activities income as determined under the federal Internal Revenue Code for purposes of claiming a federal tax deduction.

This bill makes technical changes to the state tax credits for qualified production activities income derived from manufacturing property or agricultural property located in this state in order to facilitate the Department of Revenue's administration of the credits. Specifically, the bill provides a method for determining the qualified production activities income derived from manufacturing property or agricultural property located in this state rather than rely on the federal definition of "qualified production activities income," which includes income from economic activities in all states.

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 71.05 (6) (a) 15. of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is amended to read:

71.05 (6) (a) 15. The amount of the credits computed under s. 71.07 (2dd), (2de), (2di), (2dj), (2dL), (2dm), (2dr), (2ds), (2dx), (2dy), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3p), (3q), (3r), (3rm), (3rn), (3s), (3t), (3w), (5e), (5f), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5n), (5r), (5rm), and (8r) and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1k) (g).

Section 2. 71.05 (6) (a) 25. of the statutes is created to read:

71.05 (6) (a) 25. The amount computed under s. 71.07 (5n) in the previous taxable year and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or

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1	tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, company's
2	or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) (a) or 71.34 (1k) (m) and not
3	included in federal adjusted gross income.
4	SECTION 3. 71.07 (5n) (title) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act
5	32, is amended to read:
6	71.07 (5n) (title) Qualified production activities Manufacturing and
7	AGRICULTURE CREDIT.
8	SECTION 4. 71.07 (5n) (a) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32,
9	is repealed and recreated to read:
10	71.07 (5n) (a) Definitions. In this subsection:
11	1. "Agriculture property factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which is the
12	average value of the claimant's real property and improvements assessed under s.
13	70.32 (2) (a) 4., owned or rented and used in this state by the claimant during the
14	taxable year to produce, grow, or extract qualified production property, and the
15	denominator of which is the average value of all of the claimant's real property and
16	improvements owned or rented during the taxable year and used by the claimant to
17	produce, grow, or extract agricultural property.
18	2. "Claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection.
19	3. "Direct costs" include all of the claimant's ordinary and necessary expenses
20	paid or incurred during the taxable year in carrying on the trade or business that are
21	deductible under section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code and identified as direct
22	costs in the claimant's managerial or cost accounting records.
23	4. "Indirect costs" include all of the claimant's ordinary and necessary expenses

paid or incurred during the taxable year in carrying on the trade or business that are

deductible under section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code, other than cost of goods

sold and direct costs, and identified as indirect costs in the claimant's managerial or cost accounting records.

- 5. a. "Manufacturing property factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value of the claimant's real and personal property assessed under s. 70.995, owned or rented and used in this state by the claimant during the taxable year to manufacture qualified production property, and the denominator of which is the average value of all the claimant's real and personal property owned or rented during the taxable year and used by the claimant to manufacture tangible personal property.
- b. For purposes of subd. 5. a., property owned by the claimant is valued at its original cost and property rented by the claimant is valued at an amount equal to the annual rental paid by the claimant, less any annual rental received by the claimant from sub-rentals, multiplied by 8.
- c. For purposes of subd. 5. a., the average value of property is determined by averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the taxable year, except that the secretary of revenue may require the averaging of monthly values during the taxable year, if such averaging is reasonably required to properly reflect the average value of the claimant's property.
- 6. "Production gross receipts" means gross receipts from the lease, rental, license, sale, exchange, or other disposition of qualified production property.
- 7. "Production gross receipts factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which is production gross receipts and the denominator of which is all gross income from whatever source, except for those items specifically excluded under the Internal Revenue Code as adopted by this state and otherwise excluded under Wisconsin law. For purposes of the denominator, income includes gross sales, gross dividends, gross

- interest income, gross rents, gross royalties, the gross sales price from the disposition of capital assets and business assets, gross income from pass-through entities, and all other gross receipts that are included in income, before apportionment for Wisconsin tax purposes under s. 71.04 (4).
- 8. "Qualified production activities income" means the amount of the claimant's production gross receipts for the taxable year that exceeds the sum of the cost of goods sold that are allocable to such receipts, the direct costs that are allocable to such receipts, and the indirect costs multiplied by the production gross receipts factor. "Qualified production activities income" does not include any of the following:
 - a. Income from film production.
- b. Income from producing, transmitting, or distributing electricity, natural gas, or potable water.
 - c. Income from constructing real property.
- d. Income from engineering or architectural services performed with respect to constructing real property.
- e. Income from the sale of food and beverages prepared by the claimant at a retail establishment.
- f. Income from the lease, rental, license, sale, exchange, or other disposition of land.
 - 9. "Qualified production property" means either of the following:
 - a. Tangible personal property manufactured in whole or in part by the claimant on property that is assessed as manufacturing property under s. 70.995.
 - b. Tangible personal property produced, grown, or extracted in whole or in part by the claimant on or from property assessed as agricultural property under s. 70.32 (2) (a) 4.

1	Section 5. 71.07 (5n) (d) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32,
2	is renumbered 71.07 (5n) (d) 1.
3	Section 6. 71.07 (5n) (d) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
4	71.07 (5n) (d) 2. For purposes of determining a claimant's eligible qualified
5	production activities income under this subsection, the claimant shall multiply the
6	claimant's qualified production activities income from property manufactured by the
7	claimant by the manufacturing property factor and qualified production activities
8	income from property produced, grown, or extracted by the claimant by the
9	agriculture property factor.
10	Section 7. 71.10 (4) (cr) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32,
11	is amended to read:
12	71.10 (4) (cr) Qualified production activities Manufacturing and agriculture
13	credit under s. 71.07 (5n).
14	Section 8. 71.21 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is
15	renumbered 71.21 (4) (a) and amended to read:
16	71.21 (4) (a) Credits The amount of the credits computed by a partnership
17	unders.71.07(2dd),(2de),(2di),(2dj),(2dL),(2dm),(2ds),(2dx),(2dx),(2dy),(3g),(3h),(3n),(2dx
18	(3p), (3q), (3r), (3rm), (3rn), (3s), (3t), (3w), (5e), (5f), (5g), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5n), (5r), (5
19	(5rm), and (8r) and passed through to partners shall be added to the partnership's
20	income.
21	Section 9. 71.21 (4) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
22	71.21 (4) (b) Amounts computed by a partnership under s. 71.07 (5n) in the
23	previous taxable year and not included in federal ordinary business income shall be
24	added to the partnership's income.

1	SECTION 10. 71.26 (2) (a) 4. of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act
2	32, is amended to read:
3	71.26 (2) (a) 4. Plus the amount of the credit computed under s. 71.28 (1dd)
4	(1de), (1di), (1dj), (1dL), (1dm), (1ds), (1dx), (1dy), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3p), (3q), (3r),
5	(3rm), (3rn), (3t), (3w), (5e), (5f), (5g), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5n), (5r), (5rm), (8r), and
6	(9s) and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or
7	tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, limited
8	liability company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21(4) or 71.34(1k)
9	(g).
10	Section 11. 71.26 (2) (a) 11. of the statutes is created to read:
11	71.26 (2) (a) 11. Plus the amount computed under s. 71.28 (5n) in the previous
12	taxable year that is not included in federal taxable income.
13	SECTION 12. 71.28 (5n) (title) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act
14	32, is amended to read:
15	71.28 (5n) (title) Qualified production activities Manufacturing and
16	AGRICULTURE CREDIT.
17	SECTION 13. 71.28 (5n) (a) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32,
18	is repealed and recreated to read:
19	71.28 (5n) (a) Definitions. In this subsection:
20	1. "Agriculture property factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which is the
21	average value of the claimant's real property and improvements assessed under s.
22	70.32 (2) (a) 4., owned or rented and used in this state by the claimant during the
23	taxable year to produce, grow, or extract qualified production property, and the
24	denominator of which is the average value of all of the claimant's real property and

- improvements owned or rented during the taxable year and used by the claimant to produce, grow, or extract agricultural property.
 - 2. "Claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection.
- 3. "Direct costs" include all of the claimant's ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year in carrying on the trade or business that are deductible under section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code and identified as direct costs in the claimant's managerial or cost accounting records.
- 4. "Indirect costs" include all of the claimant's ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year in carrying on the trade or business that are deductible under section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code, other than cost of goods sold and direct costs, and identified as indirect costs in the claimant's managerial or cost accounting records.
- 5. a. "Manufacturing property factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value of the claimant's real and personal property assessed under s. 70.995, owned or rented and used in this state by the claimant during the taxable year to manufacture qualified production property, and the denominator of which is the average value of all the claimant's real and personal property owned or rented during the taxable year and used by the claimant to manufacture tangible personal property.
- b. For purposes of subd. 6. a., property owned by the claimant is valued at its original cost and property rented by the claimant is valued at an amount equal to the annual rental paid by the claimant, less any annual rental received by the claimant from sub-rentals, multiplied by 8.
- c. For purposes of subd. 6. a., the average value of property is determined by averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the taxable year, except that the

- secretary of revenue may require the averaging of monthly values during the taxable year, if such averaging is reasonably required to properly reflect the average value of the claimant's property.
- 6. "Production gross receipts" means gross receipts from the lease, rental, license, sale, exchange, or other disposition of qualified production property.
- 7. "Production gross receipts factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which is production gross receipts and the denominator of which is all gross income from whatever source, except for those items specifically excluded under the Internal Revenue Code as adopted by this state and otherwise excluded under Wisconsin law. For purposes of the denominator, income includes gross sales, gross dividends, gross interest income, gross rents, gross royalties, the gross sales price from the disposition of capital assets and business assets, gross income from pass–through entities, and all other gross receipts that are included in income, before apportionment for Wisconsin tax purposes under s. 71.25 (6).
- 8. "Qualified production activities income" means the amount of the claimant's production gross receipts for the taxable year that exceeds the sum of the cost of goods sold that are allocable to such receipts, the direct costs that are allocable to such receipts, and the indirect costs multiplied by the production gross receipts factor. "Qualified production activities income" does not include any of the following:
 - a. Income from film production.
- b. Income from producing, transmitting, or distributing electricity, natural gas, or potable water.
 - c. Income from constructing real property.
- d. Income from engineering or architectural services performed with respect to constructing real property.

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1	e. Income from the sale of food and beverages prepared by the claimant at a
2	retail establishment.
3	f. Income from the lease, rental, license, sale, exchange, or other disposition of
4	land.
5	9. "Qualified production property" means either of the following:
6	a. Tangible personal property manufactured in whole or in part by the claimant
7	on property that is assessed as manufacturing property under s. 70.995.
8	b. Tangible personal property produced, grown, or extracted in whole or in part
9	by the claimant on or from property assessed as agricultural property under s. 70.32
10	(2) (a) 4.
11	SECTION 14. 71.28 (5n) (d) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32,
12	is renumbered 71.28 (5n) (d) 1.
13	SECTION 15. 71.28 (5n) (d) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
14	71.28 (5n) (d) 2. Except as provided in subd. 3., for purposes of determining a
15	claimant's eligible qualified production activities income under this subsection, the
16	claimant shall multiply the claimant's qualified production activities income from
17	property manufactured by the claimant by the manufacturing property factor and
18	qualified production activities income from property produced, grown, or extracted
19	by the claimant by the agriculture property factor.
20	SECTION 16. 71.28 (5n) (d) 3. of the statutes is created to read:
21	71.28 (5n) (d) 3. The amount of the eligible qualified production activities
22	income that a claimant may claim in computing the credit under par. (b) is the lesser
23	of the following:
24	a. The eligible qualified production activities income determined under subd.

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- b. Income apportioned to this state under s. 71.25 (5), (6), and (6m).
- c. Income determined to be taxable under s. 71.255 (2).
- 3 SECTION 17. 71.30 (3) (dn) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, 4 is amended to read:
- 5 71.30 (3) (dn) Qualified production activities Ma
 - 5 71.30 (3) (dn) Qualified production activities Manufacturing and agriculture 6 credit under s. 71.28 (5n).
 - 7 SECTION 18. 71.34 (1k) (g) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, 8 is amended to read:
- 9 71.34 (1k) (g) An addition shall be made for credits computed by a tax-option 10 corporation under s. 71.28 (1dd), (1de), (1di), (1dj), (1dL), (1dm), (1ds), (1dx), (1dy), 11 (3), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3p), (3q), (3r), (3rm), (3rn), (3t), (3w), (5e), (5f), (5g), (5h), (5i), (5j), 12 (5k), (5n), (5rm), and (8r) and passed through to shareholders.
- 13 **Section 19.** 71.34 (1k) (m) of the statutes is created to read:
- 71.34 (1k) (m) An addition shall be made for the amount computed under s.
 71.28 (5n) in the previous taxable year that is not included in federal ordinary business income.
 - **SECTION 20.** 71.45 (2) (a) 10. of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is amended to read:
 - 71.45 (2) (a) 10. By adding to federal taxable income the amount of credit computed under s. 71.47 (1dd) to (1dy), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3p), (3q), (3r), (3rm), (3rm), (3w), (5e), (5f), (5g), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5n), (5r), (5rm), (8r), and (9s) and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, limited liability company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1k) (g) and the amount of credit computed under s. 71.47 (1), (3), (3t), (4), (4m), and (5).

1	Section 21.	71.47 (5n) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is
2	repealed.	
3	Section 22.	71.49(1)(dn) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32,
4	is repealed.	
5		(END)

Kreye, Joseph

From:

Hardt, Diane L - DOR [Diane.Hardt@revenue.wi.gov]

Sent:

Wednesday, February 22, 2012 11:35 AM

To:

Kreye, Joseph

Cc:

Erlandsen, Dana J - DOR; Crane, Lili B - DOR

Subject:

FW: Draft review: LRB 11-3906/1 Topic: Qualified production activities credit; technical changes

Attachments: LRB-3906 1.pdf

Joe,

I am very sorry but upon further discussion with Don Millis and Dana Erlandsen, I need to make corrections again (and go back to what we had).

I've been told we can get a /2 bill before introduction.

Here are the changes.

For the definition of "agriculture property factor" in 71.07(5n)(a)1. and 71.28(5n)(a)1., end as follows:

...used by the claimant to produce, grow, or extract qualified production property. (instead of agricultural property)

For the definition of "manufacturing property factor" in 71.07(5n)(a)5.a. and 71.28(5n)(a)5.a., end as follows:

...used by the claimant to manufacture qualified production property. (instead of tangible personal property)

Thank you.

Diane Hardt

From: LRB.Legal [mailto:LRB-LegalServices@legis.wisconsin.gov]

Sent: Tuesday, February 21, 2012 3:13 PM

To: Hardt, Diane L - DOR

Subject: Draft review: LRB 11-3906/1 Topic: Qualified production activities credit; technical changes

State of Wisconsin - Legislative Reference Bureau

One East Main Street - Suite 200 - Madison

The attached draft was prepared at your request. Please review it carefully to ensure that it satisfies your intent. If you have any questions concerning the draft or would like to have it redrafted, please contact Joseph T. Kreye, Senior Attorney, at (608) 266-2263, at joseph.kreye@legis.wisconsin.gov, or at One East Main Street, Suite 200.

If you would like to jacket the draft for introduction, please click on the appropriate button below. <u>Please select only one button</u>. If you wish to introduce this draft in both houses please contact the drafting attorney to have a companion bill drafted.

Jacket for the ASSEMBLY

Jacket for the SENATE

Please allow one day for jacketing. If this is a "rush" please make a note in your response e-mail so we are aware that we need to give this request a high priority.

If the last paragraph of the analysis states that a fiscal estimate will be prepared, the LRB will submit a request to DOA when the draft is introduced. You may obtain a fiscal estimate on the draft prior to introduction by contacting our program assistants at LRB.Legal@legis.wisconsin.gov or at (608) 266-3561. If you requested a fiscal estimate on an earlier version of this draft and would like to obtain a fiscal estimate on the current version before it is introduced, you will need to request a revised fiscal estimate from our program assistants.

Please call our program assistants at (608) 266-3561 if you have any questions regarding this email.

Lori Parisi
Program Assistant
State of WI Legislative Reference Bureau
1 East Main Suite 200
Madison, WI., 53703
Phone(608)266-3561 Fax(608)264-6948

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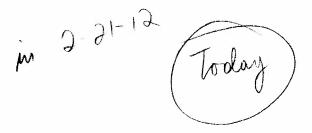


State of Misconsin 2011 - 2012 LEGISLATURE





2011 BILL





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AN ACT to repeal 71.47 (5n) and 71.49 (1) (dn); to renumber 71.07 (5n) (d) and 71.28 (5n) (d); to renumber and amend 71.21 (4); to amend 71.05 (6) (a) 15., 71.07 (5n) (title), 71.10 (4) (cr), 71.26 (2) (a) 4., 71.28 (5n) (title), 71.30 (3) (dn), 71.34 (1k) (g) and 71.45 (2) (a) 10.; to repeal and recreate 71.07 (5n) (a) and 71.28 (5n) (a); and to create 71.05 (6) (a) 25., 71.07 (5n) (d) 2., 71.21 (4) (b), 71.26 (2) (a) 11., 71.28 (5n) (d) 2., 71.28 (5n) (d) 3. and 71.34 (1k) (m) of the statutes; relating to: technical changes to the qualified production activities income and franchise tax credit.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under the federal Internal Revenue Code, a taxpayer may claim a deduction equal to 9 percent of the taxpayer's qualified production activities income in the taxable year or 9 percent of the taxpayer's total taxable income, whichever is less. For federal tax purposes, qualified production activities income is, generally, the amount of the taxpayer's domestic production gross receipts that exceed the sum of the cost of goods sold and other expenses, losses, or deductions. Domestic production gross receipts are, generally, gross receipts derived from property that was manufactured, produced, grown, or extracted in the United States.

Under current law, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, an individual taxpayer may claim a state income tax credit equal to the taxpayer's qualified production

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activities income derived from manufacturing property or agricultural property located in this state, multiplied by a certain percentage. A corporation may claim a state income and franchise tax credit equal to the lesser of its taxable income apportioned to this state or its qualified production activities income derived from manufacturing property or agricultural property located in this state, multiplied by a certain percentage. The percentage of qualified production activities income that a taxpayer may claim as a credit is 1.875 percent for 2013, 3.75 percent for 2014, 5.526 percent for 2015, and 7.5 percent for 2016 and for each year thereafter. Under current law, "qualified production activities income" means qualified production activities income as determined under the federal Internal Revenue Code for purposes of claiming a federal tax deduction.

This bill makes technical changes to the state tax credits for qualified production activities income derived from manufacturing property or agricultural property located in this state in order to facilitate the Department of Revenue's administration of the credits. Specifically, the bill provides a method for determining the qualified production activities income derived from manufacturing property or agricultural property located in this state rather than rely on the federal definition of "qualified production activities income," which includes income from economic activities in all states.

For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 71.05 (6) (a) 15. of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is amended to read:

71.05 (6) (a) 15. The amount of the credits computed under s. 71.07 (2dd), (2de), (2di), (2dj), (2dL), (2dm), (2dr), (2ds), (2dx), (2dy), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3p), (3q), (3r), (3rm), (3rn), (3s), (3t), (3w), (5e), (5f), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5n), (5r), (5rm), and (8r) and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1k) (g).

Section 2. 71.05 (6) (a) 25. of the statutes is created to read:

71.05 **(6)** (a) 25. The amount computed under s. 71.07 (5n) in the previous taxable year and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or

- tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) (a) or 71.34 (1k) (m) and not included in federal adjusted gross income.
 - **SECTION 3.** 71.07 (5n) (title) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is amended to read:
 - 71.07 (5n) (title) Qualified production activities Manufacturing and AGRICULTURE CREDIT.
 - **SECTION 4.** 71.07 (5n) (a) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is repealed and recreated to read:
 - 71.07 (5n) (a) Definitions. In this subsection:
 - 1. "Agriculture property factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value of the claimant's real property and improvements assessed under s. 70.32 (2) (a) 4., owned or rented and used in this state by the claimant during the taxable year to produce, grow, or extract qualified production property, and the denominator of which is the average value of all of the claimant's real property and improvements owned or rented during the taxable year and used by the claimant to produce, grow, or extract agricultural property. Wallied production
 - 2. "Claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection.
 - 3. "Direct costs" include all of the claimant's ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year in carrying on the trade or business that are deductible under section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code and identified as direct costs in the claimant's managerial or cost accounting records.
 - 4. "Indirect costs" include all of the claimant's ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year in carrying on the trade or business that are deductible under section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code, other than cost of goods

sold and direct costs, and identified as indirect costs in the claimant's managerial or cost accounting records.

- 5. a. "Manufacturing property factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value of the claimant's real and personal property assessed under s. 70.995, owned or rented and used in this state by the claimant during the taxable year to manufacture qualified production property, and the denominator of which is the average value of all the claimant's real and personal property owned or rented during the taxable year and used by the claimant to manufacture tangible personal property.
- b. For purposes of subd. 5. a., property owned by the claimant is valued at its original cost and property rented by the claimant is valued at an amount equal to the annual rental paid by the claimant, less any annual rental received by the claimant from sub-rentals, multiplied by 8.
- c. For purposes of subd. 5. a., the average value of property is determined by averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the taxable year, except that the secretary of revenue may require the averaging of monthly values during the taxable year, if such averaging is reasonably required to properly reflect the average value of the claimant's property.
- 6. "Production gross receipts" means gross receipts from the lease, rental, license, sale, exchange, or other disposition of qualified production property.
- 7. "Production gross receipts factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which is production gross receipts and the denominator of which is all gross income from whatever source, except for those items specifically excluded under the Internal Revenue Code as adopted by this state and otherwise excluded under Wisconsin law. For purposes of the denominator, income includes gross sales, gross dividends, gross

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(2) (a) 4.

1	interest income, gross rents, gross royalties, the gross sales price from the disposition
2	of capital assets and business assets, gross income from pass-through entities, and
3	all other gross receipts that are included in income, before apportionment for
4	Wisconsin tax purposes under s. 71.04 (4).
5	8. "Qualified production activities income" means the amount of the claimant's
6	production gross receipts for the taxable year that exceeds the sum of the cost of goods
7	sold that are allocable to such receipts, the direct costs that are allocable to such
8	receipts, and the indirect costs multiplied by the production gross receipts factor.
9	"Qualified production activities income" does not include any of the following:
10	a. Income from film production.
11	b. Income from producing, transmitting, or distributing electricity, natural gas,
12	or potable water.
13	c. Income from constructing real property.
14	d. Income from engineering or architectural services performed with respect
15	to constructing real property.
16	e. Income from the sale of food and beverages prepared by the claimant at a
17	retail establishment.
18	f. Income from the lease, rental, license, sale, exchange, or other disposition of
19	land.
20	9. "Qualified production property" means either of the following:
21	a. Tangible personal property manufactured in whole or in part by the claimant
22	on property that is assessed as manufacturing property under s. 70.995.
23	b. Tangible personal property produced, grown, or extracted in whole or in part
24	by the claimant on or from property assessed as agricultural property under s. 70.32

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added to the partnership's income.

1	SECTION 5. 71.07 (5n) (d) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32,
2	is renumbered 71.07 (5n) (d) 1.
3	SECTION 6. 71.07 (5n) (d) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
4	71.07 (5n) (d) 2. For purposes of determining a claimant's eligible qualified
5	production activities income under this subsection, the claimant shall multiply the
6	claimant's qualified production activities income from property manufactured by the
7	claimant by the manufacturing property factor and qualified production activities
8	income from property produced, grown, or extracted by the claimant by the
9	agriculture property factor.
10	SECTION 7. 71.10 (4) (cr) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32,
11	is amended to read:
12	71.10 (4) (cr) Qualified production activities Manufacturing and agriculture
13	credit under s. 71.07 (5n).
14	SECTION 8. 71.21 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is
15	renumbered 71.21 (4) (a) and amended to read:
16	71.21 (4) (a) Credits The amount of the credits computed by a partnership
17	unders.71.07(2dd),(2de),(2di),(2dj),(2dL),(2dm),(2ds),(2dx),(2dy),(3g),(3h),(3n),(2dx
18	(3p), (3q), (3r), (3rm), (3rn), (3s), (3t), (3w), (5e), (5f), (5g), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5n), (5r),
19	(5rm), and (8r) and passed through to partners shall be added to the partnership's
20	income.
21	SECTION 9. 71.21 (4) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
22	71.21 (4) (b) Amounts computed by a partnership under s. 71.07 (5n) in the
23	previous taxable year and not included in federal ordinary business income shall be

1	SECTION 10. 71.26 (2) (a) 4. of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act
2	32, is amended to read:
3	71.26 (2) (a) 4. Plus the amount of the credit computed under s. 71.28 (1dd)
4	(1de), (1di), (1dj), (1dL), (1dm), (1ds), (1dx), (1dy), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3p), (3q), (3r)
5	(3rm), (3rn), (3t), (3w), (5e), (5f), (5g), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5j), (5k), (5n), (5r), (5rn), (8r), and
6	(9s) and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or
7	tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, limited
8	liability company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1k) (1k)
9	(g).
10	SECTION 11. 71.26 (2) (a) 11. of the statutes is created to read:
11	71.26 (2) (a) 11. Plus the amount computed under s. 71.28 (5n) in the previous
12	taxable year that is not included in federal taxable income.
13	SECTION 12. 71.28 (5n) (title) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act
14	32, is amended to read:
15	71.28 (5n) (title) Qualified production activities Manufacturing and
16	AGRICULTURE CREDIT.
17	SECTION 13. 71.28 (5n) (a) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32
18	is repealed and recreated to read:
19	71.28 (5n) (a) Definitions. In this subsection:
20	1. "Agriculture property factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which is the
21	average value of the claimant's real property and improvements assessed under s
22	70.32 (2) (a) 4., owned or rented and used in this state by the claimant during the
23	taxable year to produce, grow, or extract qualified production property, and the
24	denominator of which is the average value of all of the claimant's real property and

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property.

1 improvements owned or rented during the taxable year and used by the claimant to produce, grow, or extract agricultural property. Qualified produce 2 3 2. "Claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection. 4 3. "Direct costs" include all of the claimant's ordinary and necessary expenses 5 paid or incurred during the taxable year in carrying on the trade or business that are 6 deductible under section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code and identified as direct 7 costs in the claimant's managerial or cost accounting records. 4. "Indirect costs" include all of the claimant's ordinary and necessary expenses 8 9 paid or incurred during the taxable year in carrying on the trade or business that are 10 deductible under section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code, other than cost of goods sold and direct costs, and identified as indirect costs in the claimant's managerial or 11 12 cost accounting records. 13 5. a. "Manufacturing property factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which 14 is the average value of the claimant's real and personal property assessed under s. 15 70.995, owned or rented and used in this state by the claimant during the taxable 16 year to manufacture qualified production property, and the denominator of which is 17 the average value of all the claimant's real and personal property owned or rented

b. For purposes of subd. 6. a., property owned by the claimant is valued at its original cost and property rented by the claimant is valued at an amount equal to the annual rental paid by the claimant, less any annual rental received by the claimant from sub-rentals, multiplied by 8.

during the taxable year and used by the claimant to manufacture tangible personal

qualified production

c. For purposes of subd. 6. a., the average value of property is determined by averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the taxable year, except that the

- secretary of revenue may require the averaging of monthly values during the taxable year, if such averaging is reasonably required to properly reflect the average value of the claimant's property.
- 6. "Production gross receipts" means gross receipts from the lease, rental, license, sale, exchange, or other disposition of qualified production property.
- 7. "Production gross receipts factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which is production gross receipts and the denominator of which is all gross income from whatever source, except for those items specifically excluded under the Internal Revenue Code as adopted by this state and otherwise excluded under Wisconsin law. For purposes of the denominator, income includes gross sales, gross dividends, gross interest income, gross rents, gross royalties, the gross sales price from the disposition of capital assets and business assets, gross income from pass–through entities, and all other gross receipts that are included in income, before apportionment for Wisconsin tax purposes under s. 71.25 (6).
- 8. "Qualified production activities income" means the amount of the claimant's production gross receipts for the taxable year that exceeds the sum of the cost of goods sold that are allocable to such receipts, the direct costs that are allocable to such receipts, and the indirect costs multiplied by the production gross receipts factor. "Qualified production activities income" does not include any of the following:
 - a. Income from film production.
- b. Income from producing, transmitting, or distributing electricity, natural gas, or potable water.
 - c. Income from constructing real property.
- d. Income from engineering or architectural services performed with respect to constructing real property.

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e.	Income from the sale of food and beverages prepare	ared by the	claimant a	at a
retail e	establishment.			

- f. Income from the lease, rental, license, sale, exchange, or other disposition of land.
 - 9. "Qualified production property" means either of the following:
- a. Tangible personal property manufactured in whole or in part by the claimant on property that is assessed as manufacturing property under s. 70.995.
- b. Tangible personal property produced, grown, or extracted in whole or in part by the claimant on or from property assessed as agricultural property under s. 70.32 (2) (a) 4.
- **SECTION 14.** 71.28 (5n) (d) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is renumbered 71.28 (5n) (d) 1.
 - **SECTION 15.** 71.28 (5n) (d) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
- 71.28 (5n) (d) 2. Except as provided in subd. 3., for purposes of determining a claimant's eligible qualified production activities income under this subsection, the claimant shall multiply the claimant's qualified production activities income from property manufactured by the claimant by the manufacturing property factor and qualified production activities income from property produced, grown, or extracted by the claimant by the agriculture property factor.
 - **SECTION 16.** 71.28 (5n) (d) 3. of the statutes is created to read:
- 71.28 (5n) (d) 3. The amount of the eligible qualified production activities income that a claimant may claim in computing the credit under par. (b) is the lesser of the following:
 - a. The eligible qualified production activities income determined under subd.

2.

1 b. Income apportioned to this state under s. 71.25 (5), (6), and (6m). 2 c. Income determined to be taxable under s. 71.255 (2). 3 **SECTION 17.** 71.30 (3) (dn) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, 4 is amended to read: 5 71.30 (3) (dn) Qualified production activities Manufacturing and agriculture credit under s. 71.28 (5n). 6 7 **SECTION 18.** 71.34 (1k) (g) of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32. 8 is amended to read: 9 71.34 (1k) (g) An addition shall be made for credits computed by a tax-option 10 corporation under s. 71.28 (1dd), (1de), (1di), (1dj), (1dL), (1dm), (1ds), (1dx), (1dy), 11 (3), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3g), (3g), (3r), (3rm), (3rn), (3t), (3w), (5e), (5f), (5g), (5h), (5i), (5i), 12 (5k), (5n), (5rn), and (8r) and passed through to shareholders. 13 **SECTION 19.** 71.34 (1k) (m) of the statutes is created to read: 14 71.34 (1k) (m) An addition shall be made for the amount computed under s. 71.28 (5n) in the previous taxable year that is not included in federal ordinary 15 16 business income. 17 SECTION 20. 71.45 (2) (a) 10. of the statutes, as affected by 2011 Wisconsin Act 18 32, is amended to read: 19 71.45 (2) (a) 10. By adding to federal taxable income the amount of credit 20 computed under s. 71.47 (1dd) to (1dy), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3p), (3q), (3r), (3rm), (3rn), (3w), (5e), (5f), (5g), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5n), (5r), (5rm), (8r), and (9s) and not passed 2122 through by a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation that 23 has added that amount to the partnership's, limited liability company's, or 24 tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1k) (g) and the amount 25 of credit computed under s. 71.47 (1), (3), (3t), (4), (4m), and (5).

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1	SECTION 21. 71.47 (5n) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, is
2	repealed.
3	SECTION 22. 71.49 (1) (dn) of the statutes, as created by 2011 Wisconsin Act 32
4	is repealed.
5	(END)

Parisi, Lori

From:

Sent:

To:

Subject:

Neville, William Friday, February 24, 2012 9:10 AM LRB.Legal Draft Review: LRB 11-3906/2 Topic: Qualified production activities credit; technical changes

Please Jacket LRB 11-3906/2 for the ASSEMBLY.